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HEALTH-GIVING.

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Drinks are out of the
Question one's thoughts
naturally turn to
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Per Case of 6 doz. pints 16.50
Per Doz. pints 2.75

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 4th September, 1906.

NOTICE.

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DEATH.

On the 7th inst. of apoplexy, EDWARD WILLIAM MITCHELL, aged 51 years. Deeply regretted. (By telegram.)

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1906.

SURGERY VERSUS CRIME.

In these days of remarkable medical discoveries one need not be surprised at anything new that may emanate from the brains of the followers of Esculapius, but it is somewhat startling to read in an American exchange that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children "is largely responsible" for certain surgical operations which are being performed, as experiments, by a committee of surgeons in Philadelphia, for the purpose of eradicating the crime-germ in those children whose antecedents and environments, after careful inquiry, point to the possibility of their becoming criminals. According to the statement of "nine eminent physicians and surgeons," who met together in solemn conclave in Philadelphia, at the end of July, the object of these operations is "to deprive children of criminal tendencies." The journal from which we quote goes on to say that there were two operations performed on the brain, three on the eyes, and two further operations for "nervousness" seven children in all being operated upon, and, of course, with the consent of the parents and guardians. These seven, it is curious to read, were "picked from a large number of others, as showing a tendency to evil and criminality," and who appeared to be "destined to a career of evil-doing" (it would be interesting to know how those nine eminent physicians and surgeons arrived at their deductions) "unless

something was done to alter their organization." And the journal goes on to tell us that "the medical profession is deeply interested in these experiments, and it is intended to perform a large number of experiments on feeble-minded youths, and those who show a criminal tendency, if these experiments prove successful." Experiments for the cure of consumption, tuberculosis, and other fell diseases, in an advanced stage, having failed, is it that the medical fraternity are giving up, and no longer seeking cures for physical ills, are turning their attention to the cure of moral ills?

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE new U.S. Consul-General for Canton, Mr. Bergholtz, arrived at the Southern capital yesterday.

It is reported that Viceroy Shum has ordered the construction of a carriage road from the East Gate of Canton three miles to Intong.

"SETTLED out of Court," has been the cry for some days past in the Supreme Court, and thus several cases, promising a certain amount of interest, have come to a sudden collapse, and the Court rooms have been left to vacancy and dust.

A KURE despatch to the *Mainichi* gives a rumour to the effect that a sum of ¥60,000, which was in the safe of the *Atsuka* at the time of the disaster, was found to be missing when the ship was refloated. Some of the divers engaged on the salvage work are said to be suspected of the theft. The message adds, however, that there is at present no confirmation of the report.

OWING to the recent attack of another British steambark in the West River, Kwangsi, by pirates, Mr. L. Carnegie, British Acting Minister at Peking, has again complained to the Waiwup for the lack of rigid territorial administration on the part of the Viceroy of Liangkuang, and stated that the British Government shall be compelled to take adequate steps for the protection of its interests if China cannot do so herself.

LAI Chai, a *lukong*, No. 940, of No. 7 Police Station, was charged before Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz, at the Police Court, with assaulting a coolie at West Point on two different occasions. The coolie resided at No. 22, Cheung San Street West. The *lukong* was alleged to have assaulted the coolie on the 4th and 6th inst. The charge was proved, and his Worship fined the *lukong* \$5 for the first assault and \$15 for the second. He was also bound over in the sum \$100 to be of good behaviour for six months.

AT about three o'clock this morning a Chinaman broke into a matchless occupied by coolies on the reclamation, at Tsim-tsa-tui, and stole about \$50 worth of clothing and jewellery. The matter was reported to the Water Police, and forty minutes later P. C. 63 Wills arrested a man attempting to leave the peninsula in a sampan, with a bundle. The man was removed to the station where the clothing was recognised and claimed by the coolies. The alleged thief was held, and he will be brought to Court in due course.

ON Tuesday we reported the picking up by the *Sachsen*, Imperial German Mail, on her way from Shanghai, of 22 shipwrecked fishermen, who had been caught in the recent typhoon, blown out to sea, and their junk waterlogged. Yesterday, Mr. C. Praesant, second officer of the *s.s. Sachsen*, escorted the party to the Tsim-tsa-tui Police Station, and handed them over to the Water Police to be taken care of until their disposition could be decided upon. The disposition of one, however, decided itself, for in the course of the afternoon one, Chang I by name, died, the cause of death being unknown, but believed to be exhaustion.

JOHN Bautista Gutierrez, a Spaniard, of No. 40, Granville Road, was arraigned before Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz, at the Police Court this morning, on two charges. He was alleged to have been disorderly at No. 27, Ship Street, last night, and to have damaged property to the extent of \$2.50. Yasu Noda, the mistress of the house, said defendant got very disorderly before he left, and struck her. Another Japanese woman stated that on hearing the noise she went to investigate and before she could do anything defendant picked up a mirror, struck her with it and then threw it on the floor, smashing it to bits. Inspector Goulray said that the complainant wanted to withdraw the case if defendant returned her a dollar for the broken mirror, but he would not pay. The Spaniard said the mirror broke by itself! The Court fined him \$5 for being disorderly and ordered him to pay complainant \$1 for the broken mirror.

THE big fire on the 30th ult. demonstrated once more that Bangkok runs a big risk from lack of water. There were fire brigades and fire appliances in more than usual abundance—the way a good deal of the hose struck one as being under size—but so long as a sufficient supply of water is not to be had the area affected must be large, and the result of an outbreak unnecessarily expensive. It is true that such a fire has certain advantages from a sanitary point of view, but the Chinaman no longer burns down his pigsty to get cracking, and Bangkok could accomplish needed reforms in a less costly way. Much of the Sampeng district is hardly insurable at all, and more efficient protection from fire is a form of insurance that the town ought to be willing to pay for. Presumably any form of water supply that is adopted will make provision for fires, and many schemes have been reported on, but the ideas do not materialise. It is all the more to be regretted as so much energy is now thrown into the work of fighting fire.—*Bangkok Times*.

DEATH OF MR. E. W. MITCHELL.

It is with deep regret that we have to announce the death of Mr. E. W. Mitchell, which event took place in Bedford, England, on the 7th inst., from apoplexy, the news being received by telegraph this morning by Mr. F. Lammett, acting manager of Messrs. Caldbeck, Macgregor and Co., and brother-in-law of the deceased. Immediately on the receipt of the sad news the establishment of Messrs. Caldbeck, Macgregor and Co. was closed, out of respect for the memory of Mr. Mitchell, he having been connected with that firm for the past 17 years, first as an assistant, and latterly as manager, having joined the firm in 1889, coming from Shanghai, where he was previously engaged in the tea business. He first came to China in the Spring of 1878, and from the first manifested a keen interest in all matters pertaining to sport, in all its forms. In Hongkong he was president of the Cricket Club, member of the committees of the Jockey Club, the Victoria Recreation Club, the Yacht Club, the Corinthian Yacht Club, and the Amateur Dramatic Club, which practically owed its life to him, and in most of which he showed his lively interest, by giving many a cup and shield to be contested for, while at the same time preventing innumerable minor prizes at Athletic Sports and Gymkhana. His was a well-known figure at all cricket-matches and race-meetings, and to members of the Press it was ever a pleasure to find him on the ground, at those functions, for he was untiring in his courteous endeavours to afford them every facility for obtaining all the information required by them. Many years ago he abandoned Masory, but only last year he resumed an active part in it, and was elected Senior Warden of his Lodge. On April 7th last, exactly five months before his death, he left Hongkong for a trip home, intending to return in December, in time to spend his Christmas in this Colony. During the summer he took a trip to Scotland, in company with Dr. Lawson, who, it will be remembered, was one of the only two surviving cricketers in the *Jokhara* disaster, now fresh in everybody's minds, the other survivor being Captain (then Lieutenant) Markham, of the Shropshire Regiment.

The deceased leaves a wife and seven children, all of whom, it is understood, were with him at the time of his death, to mourn his loss, and to them the greatest sympathy is extended in their sad bereavement. Born in 1855, he was only 51 years of age, though his appearance gave the impression of greater years. His popularity was universal, for he was a staunch friend, a kind counsellor, and a supporter of every scheme of manly recreation, and there are but few in this Colony who did not know, and who will not miss, him.

ARMED ROBBERY.

SAMPAW WOMAN'S SENSATIONAL STORY.

With her hair flying in the wind, her eyes bulging out as if she had been scared to death, a sampan woman rushed breathlessly into the charge-room of the Central Police Station shortly after seven o'clock last night and unfolded to the ears of the inspector on duty an amazing story. It was about seven o'clock. She was on board her junk, which is anchored off the *Wingchar* wharf. Six men boarded the boat, all armed with choppers. One man seized her by the throat until her tongue hung out. The others ransacked the junk. After that they left, taking with them a cash-box containing \$5 in hard cash. The inspector made a note of the report and despatched detectives to investigate the matter. In less than an hour the detectives got enough information to show that the alleged robbery reported by the woman was a fake. The information they received was to the effect that the woman was the owner of the junk. She employed a crew of six men. Just before the end of last month the crew drew some money in advance. At the end of the month they drew their full wages, and when asked to return the sums she advanced them some days previously they put her off. The following day they left the woman's service and obtained work on another junk. She had been trying for days to recover the money from the men, but they refused to speak to her. Finding she was not going to get back the money the woman occupied every day a prominent position on the street near the wharf and as each of her debtors passed she would yell out: "There goes a thief, a robber, a swindler and a pig." The seamen found they were "losing face" every time they passed the virago, so they decided last night to have her stop it once and for all. At seven o'clock the men went on board the woman's junk and wanted, it was said, to come to some arrangement with her, for they were afraid of her tongue. The women, thinking, perhaps, that the men were "kow-towing" to her, raised an uproar and called them all the names she could remember, without repeating herself. The men, it was alleged, then assaulted her, and left the boat. They carried no weapons, nor did they remove anything. The woman then faked up a robbery in order to get the men in trouble. Although there was no armed robbery committed, yet the law does not encourage assault, and we are informed that the seamen are arrested for assaulting the woman.

CHAS. Johansson, Frank Altonen and Tuder Nelson, all residing in the Sailors' Home, were charged before Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz, at the police court this morning, with behaving in a disorderly manner in Ship Street, last evening. They denied the charge. Inspector Goulray, of No. 2 Police Station, said defendants were chasing Chinamen about the street last night. They were told to behave themselves, but they got worse and so were arrested. When the men arrived at the station the first defendant refused to be searched, and vowed that if a policeman tried it he would not be fit for duty afterwards. He was searched, nevertheless. In his pocket was found a clasp knife, on the second a brick, and jutting out of the third man's coat pocket was a bottle of whiskey. The trio were fined \$5 each.

SHANGHAI & HONGKONG WHARF CO., LTD.

FURTHER INCREASE OF CAPITAL.
At a meeting of the board of directors of the Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., held at the Company's office at Shanghai on Friday, the 31st ult., the following resolutions were passed:—
(1)—That under the powers conferred by memorandum and articles of association four thousand shares be offered for allotment at a premium of fifty per cent. (50 per cent.), that is, at the rate of one hundred and fifty taels for each share of one hundred taels face value (fully paid up).
(2)—That the shares shall rank for dividend from the first day January, 1907.
(3)—That the shares be offered to the shareholders on the Register on the 31st day of December, 1906, in the proportion of one new share for every eight existing shares held by them (but so that no fractional part of a share be issued) and such offer shall be made by notice to be issued not later than the seventh day of September, 1906, specifying the number of new shares to which each shareholder is at that date entitled and stating that the offer will be deemed to be declined unless an acceptance of such offer in writing is delivered to the General Agents of the Company or to the Company's Bankers, the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, at Shanghai, on or before the 31st day of December, 1906, accompanied by payment in full for each new share so accepted.
(4)—That upon acceptance and payment within the time above-mentioned the shares so accepted and paid for shall be allotted forthwith.
(5)—That all shares not so allotted shall be dealt with as the directors may determine.

CHASED TO DEATH.

DEATH INQUIRY HELD.

At the Magistrate's Court this afternoon, before Coroner H. H. J. Gompertz and a jury, an inquiry was held into the circumstances touching the death of one Wong Fo, a coolie, who was killed in Macdonnell Road, Kowloon, on the 9th instant.
The circumstances of the tragedy were to the effect that on the day in question, shortly before 2 p.m., the deceased had a quarrel with another coolie in Macdonnell Road. The outcome of the quarrel was that the deceased picked up a pole, at the end of which was attached an iron hook, and struck the other coolie with it on the head, seriously injuring the man. The other coolie chased the deceased, who rushed up the staircase of a house and made for the roof. His pursuers were at his heels and when, deceased arrived at the end of the block of houses he attempted to gain the street by sliding down the water-spout. It is in coming down the spout that he lost his balance and fell into the street. He was removed to hospital, but died later from the injuries he received.

An eye-witness to the occurrence swore to the fact in his verandah on the day in question, and seeing four Chinamen running on the house tops of Macdonnell Road. These four men were being followed by another man (det. cive). When they got to the end of the houses all attempted to get down by the water-spout. Here witness ran into the street and as soon as he reached the footpath he saw one of the men fall. Witness went up to deceased and stood over him until the arrival of a policeman.

The Coroner—What made you run down?
Witness—Well, when I saw the men running I thought there was something happening and I went to see.
The Coroner—Where were the other three men?
Witness—They ran away.
Medical evidence was given by Dr. McFarlane and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

THE PROPOSED NEW JAPANESE SHIPPING COMPANY.

EARLY FORMATION EXPECTED.

It was reported some months ago that a project was on foot for the formation of a new Japanese Shipping Company on a large scale under the auspices of the Japan Shipowners' Association. According to statements then made, it was expected that about 100,000 tons of shipping would be taken over by the Company. There have since been certain hitches, but it is now said that as the result of a visit paid to Osaka by Mr. Nishikawa Shozo, a member of the Committee, an understanding has been reached, and the Company will become an accomplished fact much more quickly than had been expected.—*Kobe Herald*.

CHANG CHIH-TUNG AND HIS 70TH BIRTHDAY.

In the eighth moon this year Viceroy Chang Chih-tung will become seventy and the Viceroy has written an open letter saying that this is a time of difficult situations in China and the natives in the provinces of Hupeh and Hunan are still suffering from the effect of the last inundation and many affairs which have to be carried out are still undone and the Viceroy is anxious about these matters day and night, fearing that he can not discharge his duties properly and at such a moment the Viceroy hereby informs his friends that he will not receive anything to congratulate him on his 70th birthday and if any one sends him a letter of congratulation on a screen such screen will be returned to the person who sends the same, but the letter will be copied by him as was done in the case of the old scholars such as Tang Wen-chang and Wang Yuen-wen, etc.—*The Sin-chen-pao*.

ALTHOUGH no typhoon signals were hoisted this afternoon, at two o'clock, the sampan-men and women did not, apparently, like the appearance of the weather, and for fully an hour there was a continuous procession of sampans and boats of sorts, proceeding from the West to Causeway Bay, to seek shelter.

CANTON DAY BY DAY.

A THEATRE CONFISCATED.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Canton, 11th September.
Yesterday Viceroy Shum instructed the Pun Yui Magistrate to confiscate the Cheung Lok Theatre at Honam for assaulting the master of Kwong Yan College, Canton. The order was duly carried into effect.

SCHOLARS' MEETING.

Yesterday a meeting was held in Nam Mow College at Honam for the purpose of making arrangements to again celebrate the constitution of China, on the 28th day of this moon (16th inst.).

EXECUTION OF PIRATES.

On the 22nd day of this moon (10th inst.) the Pun Yui Magistrate ordered seven criminals—Chao Ah-kon, Leung Ah-kou, Leung Ah-ngau, Wu Ah-loong, Li Ah-tsai, Li Ah-kui, and Hoah Yun, to be tied up in the judgment-hall and sent to execution. They had been found guilty of taking part in the piracy of the *s.s. Suinun* running from Canton to Wuchow.

The following items are from the *Canton Daily News*:—

YUEH-HAN RAILWAY.

The directors of the Yueh-han Railway held another meeting on the 9th inst., to discuss the various subjects before the several committees. Mr. Wong Shu Ping whose leave of absence has expired returned the same day but was not present at the meeting.

The questions of the iron bridge, railway bank, and mechanics school were brought up again and it was decided to only establish the Bank at present and wait for the completion of the road before considering the other two features of the work.

LANDLORDS' TROUBLES.

Chinese landlords at least come in for their share of troubles with errant tenants. A rich merchant, Wong Ting Fan, reports to the provincial supervisor that he bought two houses at public auction and notified the tenants to move. They refused to do so saying they had agreed to no fixed time to move and would not do so now.

The supervisor ordered the Chief of Police to see that they be moved within ten days.

CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT.

The Viceroy has notified all officials and the public of the adoption of a constitutional government and issued orders to all the officials to prepare to adopt the new rules.

The first step to be taken is to correct the old habits of officers in all services and to work reforms in all villages step by step until the whole province is well under the reform movement.

Everyone in office must at once take steps to prepare himself for the rigid orders which will come from the Imperial office.

THE ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

The following cards were returned at the meeting held at Happy Valley from 8th to 10th September:—

ROBERTSON FAREWELL CUP.

Mr. E. J. Grist 79-4=75
Mr. H. Pinckney 50-12=78
Mr. F. R. Barry, R.N. 79 scr.=79
Mr. T. S. Forrest 79+4=83
Major Pedley, R.W.K. 84 scr.=84
21 entries.

POOL.

Mr. C. B. Down, R.A. 82-7=75
Mr. J. Clark 76-1=75
Mr. F. R. Barry, R.N. 70 scr.=70
Mr. T. S. Forrest 79+4=83
17 entries.

CHINESE LABOUR FOR PANAMA.

DETAILS OF WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT'S SIEME.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Chinese labour will be given a thorough test on the Panama canal. Contracts calling for 2,500 Chinese for canal work have been prepared, and advertisements will be issued by the Isthmian Canal Commission in a few days, asking for proposals from labour agents.

If the initial 2,500 Chinamen prove a success, it is likely that many more will be taken to the Isthmus to do the work, which is too hard for the Jamaicans now employed there in large numbers.

Organised labour has offered much opposition to the use of contract Chinese labour, but the Jamaican workmen have proved inadequate, sufficient Spaniards cannot be had immediately to rush the work, and the Chinese are the last hope of the commission.

President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft, Chairman Shonis, of the canal commission, and other men prominently identified with the canal work, are known to have delayed employing Chinese until it became evident that the other help available was not equal to the demands.

The Administration has taken the position that the canal must be dug at any cost, and although the President urged that there be no haste in employing Chinese, he did not stand in the way of the plan to try the coolies.

It is the plan of the Commission to ask for bids from labour agents, who will arrange with the Chinese Government for the export of labour, transport the Chinese to the Isthmus under contract to work for a fixed wage and ship them back to China, thus relieving the Commission of any detail work and all responsibility.

A bond will be required of all contractor for a satisfactory fulfilment of the contract they may enter into with the Commission. The employment of the Chinese will not displace the Jamaicans who are already there, but it is not likely that many more West Indian negroes will be hired if the Chinese prove a success.

TELEGRAM.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" SERVICE.

THE TOKIO RIOTS.

ANOTHER MASS MEETING HELD.

TRAMWAY COMPANIES THREATENED.

TROOPS REINFORCE POLICE FORCE.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Shanghai, 12th September,
11.5 a.m.

The Tramway Companies held another meeting at Tokio yesterday.

At the meeting the original resolutions for the amalgamation of the Companies and for the enforcement of increased fares on the lines operated by the Companies, were finally confirmed.

This decision has been made known; a mass meeting was subsequently held. Amidst considerable excitement a resolution was unanimously adopted to the effect that the amalgamated companies will be made to repent for forcing the increased fares upon the public against popular clamour.

The condition in Tokio is considered to be serious. Troops have been called for the purpose of reinforcing the police with a view to meet any emergency. Disturbances are anticipated.

DOCK CO'S OPPORTUNITIES.

REPAIRS TO THE "MCCLELLAN."

Mr. Amos P. Wilder, American Consul-General, has received from Manila copies of general instructions to bidders and specifications for repairs to the U.S.A.T. *McClellan* together with one copy of blue prints of decks and of boilers of the vessel. The latter are on view at the consulate-general and the instructions are for distribution to parties interested while they last.

NEW OPIUM LAW IN BANGKOK.

PREVENTION OF SMOUGLING.

A new Opium Law received the royal assent on the 23rd ult., says the *Bangkok Times*. The preamble sets forth that there are already in force the law of the year 1233 (Chulalongkorn) and the law of the year 1239 (R.S.), but they have not been found sufficient to check smuggling, which is at present carried on to a large extent, having a prejudicial effect on the revenue of the country. The new law endeavours to meet this with severer penalties.

Anyone who commits an offence against the two laws mentioned above by smuggling opium or opium dross into the country, or by buying, or selling, or having in his possession such illicit opium or opium dross, will under the new law, if the amount is under 100 tamlang, be liable to a fine of three times the value of the opium seized, or to imprisonment for a period that may vary from eight days to three months, or to both penalties. If the amount is over 100 tamlang in weight, the person convicted is to be fined three times the value of the opium seized and imprisoned for a period that may vary from one month to three years. The value of the opium is the price at which the *Farm* is selling to the people at the time. The fines go to the Government. Any one who is necessary to the commission of such offences with, on conviction, receive two-thirds of the punishment that would be allotted to one actually committing the offences. In the case of a number of people being concerned together, then the total of the fines imposed on them may be fixed at three times the value of the opium seized and must not be less; but the fine imposed on the chief of the offenders must not be less than Tcs. 100, and that imposed on each of the others must not be less than Tcs. 60. In the case of a man convicted within three years after a previous conviction, the period of imprisonment is to be from three months to five years. Another section deals with the case of informant, and the concluding section entrusts the carrying out of the law to the Ministers of Finance, the Interior, Justice, and Local Government.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

MAILS DUE.

Indian (*Kutsum*) 13th inst.
Canadian (*Montclair*) 14th inst.
French (*Orizaba*) 17th inst.
German (*Prins Waldemar*) 17th inst.
Canadian (*Empress of China*) 23rd inst.
American (*Hongkong Maru*) 24th inst.
Indian (*Sutong*) 26th inst.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s *s.s. Siberia* arrived at San Francisco on 10th inst.
The O. S. S. Co. & C. M. S. N. Co.'s *s.s. Calchas* is due here from Singapore on 16th inst.

The O. S. S. Co. & C. M. S. N. Co.'s *s.s. Moyana* left Singapore and is due here on 13th inst.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s *s.s. Poona* left Singapore for this port on 11th inst., at 6 a.m. The M. M. Co.'s *s.s. Oceanic*, with the next French Mail will leave Saigon on 14th inst., at 3 a.m. for this port.

The Imperial German Mail *s.s. Prinz Waldemar*, via Kobe on 13th inst., at 11 a.m., and may be expected on 17th inst.

The I. C. S. N. Co.'s *s.s. Sutong* left Calcutta for this port via the Straits, on 9th inst., may be expected here on 16th inst.

The T. K. K. *s.s. Hongkong Maru* will sail from Yokohama via Kobe, Nagasaki, and Manila on 15th inst., and will due to arrive at this port on 24th inst.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's.]

LONDON, 10th September.

Russia.

In retaliation for the murder of police and soldiers by the terrorists, the troops at Siedlee, in Poland, began a general massacre of civilians on Saturday evening, and continued it yesterday. Hundreds have been killed and wounded.

Later.

The scenes of massacre and pillage at Siedlee lasted for 36 hours; 100 were killed and 300 wounded. The Jewish quarters were looted and any one who resisted was shot down. The Christians avoided looting by hanging crosses of their houses. One thousand persons, chiefly Jews, were arrested and mercilessly flogged.

Mr. Urquhart, the British Vice-Consul at Baku, has been attacked, the assailants inflicting six wounds with a revolver, none of which however were serious.

The Russian Government has expressed its regret to the Embassy and promised that the perpetrators shall be immediately punished.

Germany.

The Kaiser, speaking at Breslau, said, as Frederick the Great was never left in the lurch by God, his old ally, so the Fatherland and Silesia will remain near God's heart.

The Morocco Insurrection.

The insurgents are in possession of Mogador, and the Government troops have sided with the insurgents.

BUSY TIMES AT THE DOCKS.

TWELVE VESSELS IN FOR TREATMENT.

A glance at the official dock returns from the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., shows a very exceptional state of affairs. The list gives no less than three men-of-war—H.M.S. *Albatross*, invalided after her recent collision with north, H.M.S. *Tulcan*, undergoing overhaul and periodical repairs, and the French *Vigilante*. Next we find the *Scythia*, which was recently in collision with the s.s. *Strathmore* in this harbour, which latter vessel has had to be accommodated with a berth in the Cosmopolitan Dock. Then there is the s.s. *Albatross*, also in a collision, in Yokohama, but held entirely blameless, and which left for Vancouver to-day. Then come the *Deutchland*, *Sorsogon*, *Chung-ku*, and *Woolwich*, all with their tale of the troubles of maritime navigation, while the *Empress of Japan* and the *Indra* close the list, they being "laid up" merely for the purpose of the periodical overhaul, and to undergo any minor repairs that may be found necessary. That the Dock Company's staff will have a busy time without saying, but that they will execute the work required of them with a complete finish and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned may also be taken as a foregone conclusion.

KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN CLUB.

The draw for the second rounds resulted as follows:—

CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP.			
2ND ROUND.			
Wm. Ramsay	vs.	T. Skinner	
G. K. Haxton	vs.	T. Neave	
W. J. Crawford	vs.	T. Wright	
R. Lapsley	vs.	J. M. Henderson	
A. Ritchie	vs.	R. H. Baxter or G. Wilson	
D. McIntyre or R. Hunter	vs.	A. A. M. Jony	
F. H. Dixon	vs.	A. Ramsay	
PRESIDENT'S 2ND ROUND.			
G. K. Haxton	vs.	A. Ritchie	
T. Skinner	vs.	G. Edwards	
Wm. Ramsay	vs.	A. Ramsay	
T. Neave	vs.	R. Whyte	
A. A. Milroy	vs.	W. J. Crawford	
R. Lapsley	vs.	R. H. Baxter	
A. Nicholson	vs.	T. Wright	
W. M. Russell	vs.	Hunter	
VICE-PRESIDENT'S 2ND ROUND.			
Wm. Russell	vs.	F. H. Dixon	
J. Ramsay	vs.	G. T. Wilson	
G. K. Haxton	vs.	R. Hunter	
J. C. Gw	vs.	D. McIntyre	
C. R. Edwards	vs.	A. Ramsay	
T. Wright	vs.	T. Skinner	
Dr. Swan	vs.	W. J. Crawford	

These rounds to be completed by 11th October.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Figg, First Assistant of the Hongkong Observatory:—On the 12th at 11 35 a.m.—The barometer has risen over Formosa, and the S.E. and E. Coasts of China, and is little changed elsewhere.

A circular depression appears to have formed, or to be forming in the low pressure trough, to Southward of Hongkong, probably in from 18° to 20° Lat.

Pressure remains high over E. Japan and also to the N.W. of China. The most important departures from the normal are shown over E. Japan where pressure is from 0.2 to 0.3 inch in excess, and in the neighbourhood of Hongkong where it is in defect about 0.1 inch.

FORECAST.

- 1.—Hongkong and neighbourhood, N.E. winds, fresh to strong; squally showery.
- 2.—Formosa Channel, N.E. winds, strong.
- 3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamock, same as No. 1.
- 4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Halaan, N. winds, strong.

ALLEGED WHOLESALE MURDERS.

PRISONER TO BE EXTRADITED.

After several days of careful examination into the charges preferred against him by the Canton government, the case against Chau Siu Mun, who is wanted by the Chinese authorities, was concluded at the police court, at noon, to-day. It was alleged prisoner murdered six persons in the Pi Chung village, in the Namhoi district, in the province of Kwangtung, in February last. The circumstances of the alleged murders, as related by witnesses, were to the effect that prisoner was a partner in a slaughter house in the Pi Chung village. On the 24th February, 1906, at seven o'clock in the morning, he had a quarrel with a *fok*, employed in the slaughter house, which ended in prisoner drawing a revolver and mortally wounding the *fok*. In consequence of that operations at the slaughter house were stopped and a few hours later it was announced that prisoner had no further interest in the business. Some time later he turned up at the slaughter house and asked for the loan of a gun. His request was at first refused, but when he gave as an excuse that he wanted the gun in order to smuggle in some salt the weapon was handed over, with eight cartridges. Prisoner loaded the gun and as soon as he gained the open he discharged two cartridges in the air, and a third at a man standing near by, which went wide of the mark. The watchman of the abattoir rushed up to prisoner, seized him, and a struggle ensued. The prisoner was the stronger man and the watchman was knocked down. The crowd which had gathered was so dumfounded that they could do nothing. Gaining his legs again prisoner levelled his rifle at the prostrate form of the watchman and shot him dead. The watchman's brother, who by this time had heard of the disturbance, arrived on the scene and seeing the dead body of his brother on the road, he grappled with the murderer. Again there was a struggle for life and death and in the scuffle the murderer was relieved of his rifle by the crowd. Both men rolled on the street, each trying to get the upper hand. This prisoner was successful in doing and seizing his victim by the throat, he switched a dagger out of his pocket, and ran it through the man's heart. All that time, and even when the first murder—that of the *fok*—was committed, prisoner made no attempt to escape, but as soon as he had killed the third man—whether he had regained his senses or not, could not be said—he took to his heels, dropping the dagger on the street. He ran down to the waterfront, jumped on board a sampan and ordered the boatwoman to sail away. The crowd that assembled on the waterfront told the boatwoman not to sail, but to wait until the arrival of the soldiers to arrest the murderer. Seeing the woman was not going to obey his order, prisoner pulled out his revolver and shot her dead. The woman fell backwards on top of her two-year-old child and it was killed also. The other boatwoman, who was greatly scared, jumped into the sea to swim away, but the prisoner, who was seeking for more blood, ended her life in the water, by a bullet from his revolver. He then jumped into the water, swam away, and was seen running up the hillside. He was not seen again. The officials searched high and low for the murderer but he could not be found. They, however, learnt that he was in Hongkong and negotiations with the police authorities here resulted in the arrest of the murderer.

Mr. F. A. Hazeland committed him to the Victoria Gaol for a fortnight pending the Governor's order for his extradition.

INDIAN ROWDIES AT YAU MATI.

CHINAMAN "HELD UP" AND ROBBED.

The pickets and special policemen that were sent over to Yau mati at the time of the riot to maintain order and to keep the Indians and Chinese from clashing have up to the present not been withdrawn, yet the Indians in that district appear to be still on the lawless path.

Last night a Chinaman entered the Yau mati Police Station and made a report that he had been robbed by Indians in the street. He said that about 9.30 o'clock in the evening while walking along Gascoigne Road he noticed two Indians, both in mufti, and wearing belts, coming in his direction. Instead of passing him the Indians stopped him and said they wanted all he had. The Chinaman, who was greatly scared, said he had nothing of any value, but the Indians relieved him of his umbrella, which he said was worth forty cents, and told him to move on. The man had a few cents in his pocket, but according to him, the Indians, who apparently were in a hurry, did not attempt to search his pockets. He thought they were soldiers. The police have taken up the case and are now looking for the man carrying an umbrella which tallies with that of the native.

PROPOSED REFORMS IN CHINA.

It is reported that the Peking Government has been seriously considering certain official's memorial upon two reforms.

1.—The change of costumes. That the present style of dress is inconvenient and needs speedy change is realized by every keen observer. It is decided that this change will first be effected in the army and navy, in the constable department and in the schools.

2.—The change of the Calendar. The present method of reckoning of the year is not in accordance with true astronomical calculations. The zealous Jesuits had brought this fact before the Chinese Government many years ago, but that time did not demand a change. At present it is deemed advisable to have this present system substituted by the Gregorian standard. That system which is based upon reigning year of the Emperor however is to be retained and continued in use as is the case in Japan.—*Shanghai Mercury*.

ENGLISH WORKING GIRLS IN PARIS.

We have been having quite an invasion of sympathetic strangers (this summer in Paris, consisting of girls of various nationalities, who come over in groups. Firstly came the "peaches" of America—that is the chosen representative girl of each city. They travelled around Scotland and England to begin with, giving their impressions of both countries freely to all interviewers, and then they came to Paris, which they declared "took the cake"—an expression they picked up in London!

SKIN DEEP ONLY.

Next came the Kentucky lassies. These were all college girls, and posed as "intellectuals." When a frivolous French journalist declared that they were all pretty girls (you know that a Frenchman can never resist giving his opinion as to women's looks!) they protested angrily. "We are not pretty," they declared, "we are much better—we are clever!" Their protestation went the round of the French Press, and the reading public declared, "Voyez cela! Fancy women who do not want to be considered pretty! What a strange people are these Anglo-Saxons!"

Last week our visitors were half a dozen English working girls, representative of various factories and workshops. They came under the kind guidance of Miss Bunting, who escorted them around the capital for a whole week—visiting every monument—explaining the beauties of Paris, and teaching them philosophy meanwhile. They enjoyed themselves immensely—and had a real good time. They were invited to tea and to dine at various French houses, and were as great an entertainment to their hosts as these were to them.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

As there is nothing so beneficial for a nation as to know how it is judged by people of other nations—and as the French, just as the English, are fond of learning the judgment of others on themselves—many of the questions which the French inhabitants put to the English lassies concerned their opinion of the impression France made upon them. "How do you like Paris?" was almost invariably the first question. And the invariable answer was "Oh, it's lovely!" It was difficult to obtain more information, because the lassies of England are not introspective or analytic, but yet by dint of questions subtly set, opinions were elicited.

They told us that French women were all very neatly dressed—they had only seen two badly hanging skirts since—they had reached the Metropolis. As for the French men—well, that was another question and spontaneously! simply—without much regard for the susceptibility of listeners—they began to laugh immoderately at the Frenchmen! They evidently found them so very funny! But they confessed to a great partiality to French sailors, because "they wore such droll hats, of white linen shaped like Tam o' Shanters, with scarlet knobs on the top." They did not find that Frenchmen were so tall as Englishmen, and they didn't much care for their beards!

STRANGE MEATS.

When asked what they admired the most in Paris among the sights, they said the Sainte Chapelle, with its exquisite painted glass, and the Parc de St. Cloud, while the treasures of the Louvre impressed them with awe and respect. They did not care much for French food, though they started out with a valiant desire to eat of everything—even of the most made-up dishes. There were wry faces the first day when they arrived, and were offered "Fromage à la crème" at lunch—which is strange, seeing that this dish is made almost exactly as a Devonshire junket—and though they partook of one soup, and liked it, they were determined not to cope with omelettes.

"What they did sincerely admire more than anything else were the Paris shops. The day before they left they all trooped in the Bazar de l'Hotel de Ville, alone and without an escort, and chose presents for their London friends. They spent their money royally, and did their shopping admirably and without the help of interpreters, and came back to the hotel in high glee at the adventure.

FRENCH EXCITABILITY.

One of the things that amused these spontaneous creatures was a motor smash. The omnibuses they were in ran into a motor, and although no one was hurt the motor—I must confess to their delight—was broken to bits. This incident gave them ample opportunity for judging the French character. "We thought the French people very noisy and rowdy," they said. "The way the men bawled! Oh my! They yelled and gesticulated, throwing their arms and legs about recklessly!" It was evident that French excitability impressed them greatly, and amused them much. Then, too, everybody took part in the general row. Not only did the drivers abuse one another, in picturesque language (which, thank Providence, the English girls did not understand), but all the passengers got up and joined in the fray. It was a hot day, and everybody's blood was extra warm. Our English girls were brimming over with fun at the recital of this episode. One man in the omnibus put his arm around one of the English girls, and assured her in emotional accents "that she need not fear! He would protect her."

MAINTAINING OUR REPUTATION.

The impression the girls made upon French inhabitants was excellent. Firstly, they were all well-dressed and neatly arrayed, and were not at all representative of the comic type of "Anglaise" we laugh at in restaurants here. One or two of them might have been French ouvrières, so neat and quiet were all their appointments. Even at the risk of being stoutly contradicted by them, I must say that they were all good-looking, and all the other French people thought so too! Some of them liked Paris so well that they declared they were quite willing to settle here altogether, but others were stoic jingoes, who declared that there was "no place like England."

Yet all left with regret, and declared that they had spent in Paris one of the most pleasant weeks of their lives.—*Claire de Paris in Morning Leader*.

THE TIENSIN TRAGEDY.

MURDER OF THE RUSSIAN CONSUL.

We take the following report of the murder of Consul Laptew, reported in these columns by telegram, from the *P. & T. Times* of 1st inst.:

Yesterday morning, Tientsin was shocked and grieved to learn that Mr. N. Laptew, the popular and much-respected Consul for Russia, had been shot. Many at once jumped to the natural conclusion that the act was that of a revolutionary or had some political significance. The Consular Officials when seen with regard to the matter were naturally much excited and confused, but we gathered from Prince Merstchsky, the vice-Consul, the following facts:

The assailant was one Levinsky, a man who has been much about Tientsin, and whose striking appearance is certain to have made him noticed, if his identity has been obscure. He has latterly been concerned with the contracts for road making and earth works which have been carried out in the Russian Concession, and to him, or him and others concerned with him, was alleged to be due a sum of \$300 or thereabouts.

Yesterday he went to the Russian Consulate and asked to see Prince Merstchsky to whom he was admitted. After some conversation he asked to see Consul Laptew in the presence of Prince Merstchsky, and this was granted. Levinsky in the course of conversation grew excited, and high words took place between him and the Consul. What happened then the Prince does not appear to be exactly clear about, but from what we can gather Levinsky produced a revolver. He afterwards alleged that it was for the purpose of committing suicide in front of them.

Consul Laptew, as we understand, moved towards the man to grapple with him, and Prince Merstchsky came up behind. Levinsky fired four shots, one of which entered the abdomen of Consul Laptew and one slightly grazed the thumb of the vice-Consul. Prince Merstchsky at once secured the assailant, and some soldiers were summoned to take charge of him.

The vice-Consul then gave his attention to Consul Laptew who was seriously wounded, and messengers were dispatched for Dr. Schreyer who at once attended. When questioned as to the seriousness of the wound, Dr. Schreyer shook his head, from which it is only too easy to infer that the condition of the patient is alarming.

When our representative reached the Consulate the soldiers were freeing the assailant from the ropes with which he had been tied, though he was of course in custody. The man is alleged to be insane and there is no suggestion that there is any political significance to be attached to the event. It is believed that Levinsky was connected with another man in the contracts, and threats are reported to have been made over payment.

Later.

Mrs. Schreyer and Irwin and a German military doctor operated yesterday and found that the bullet had grazed the left lung, grazed the spleen and went through the diaphragm. The bullet is now embedded in the muscles and flesh. The patient is very weak, but the doctors say there is hope of his recovery.

There were numerous friends and callers at the Consulate yesterday afternoon. Mr. Laptew is the most respected Russian Consul who has ever been in Tientsin and the affair has caused the greatest grief and consternation.

FUNERAL OF CONSUL LAPTEW.

The funeral of Consul Laptew took place yesterday afternoon at the Military Cemetery in the Russian Concession. It was first decided that it should be at the B. M. C. Cemetery, but at the instance of Minister Pokotloff, the arrangements were varied. It was a funeral that was unique in that it brought together the most extraordinary cosmopolitan gathering ever seen in Tientsin. The popularity of the dead consul was amply manifested by the attendance at his funeral. The funeral service began at the Consulate on Thursday night, and was continued at 9 p.m. on Friday morning, in the afternoon and at the graveside. The full ritual of the Orthodox Church was gone through and at the evening and morning services, though most of those present were intimate friends and nationals, there were other sympathisers there in addition.

Yesterday afternoon at the hour fixed for the funeral (3 p.m.) the service was still in progress in an upper room of the Consulate, and the building was filled with sympathetic friends and nationals. Outside the infantry band from Peking was drawn up, beside a Russian guard of honour, and the Chinese police also formed a guard. The service took longer than it was thought it would, and it was well after 3 o'clock when the chanting drawing nearer, made it known that the coffin was being borne downstairs.

The waiting assembly of sympathetic friends uncovered reverently as the bearers with the coffin emerged from the door, and the band commenced playing a solemn hymn. The coffin was borne by, among others, Minister Pokotloff, Prince Merstchsky, Mr. Levitsky, Postmaster, and officers of the Legation Guard. It was preceded by an officer carrying an Ikon, followed by another officer bearing on a red velvet cushion the deceased Consul's medals and decorations, and the coffin was immediately followed by Mr. Alexander Laptew the brother of the deceased, who was the chief and only mourner. Behind him followed the remainder of those in attendance. A grave had been dug on the south side of the Russian Military Cemetery, and here the funeral service was concluded, chants also having been sung all the way to the burying place.

As many as fifty beautiful wreaths were sent and as for those who followed and were present at the graveside, it is impossible to attempt a list. But we do not exaggerate when we say that most members of every class and nationality of Tientsin's inhabitants were present. Out of respect for Consul Laptew, the Banks and all the foreign stores closed during the period of the obsequies, and every one was present at the funeral.

From Peking there were in addition to the Russian Minister, and the majority of the staff of the Russian Legation, Senor de Carcer, Senor d'Almeida, Spanish and Portuguese Ministers, and Messrs. Barber and Wilfahrt, of the Russo-Chinese Bank. Among Chinese officials were Customs Taotai Liang, representing the Viceroy, Gen. Hsu, Dr. Mark, Taotai C. L. Chow, Mr. Kwan, Inspector Ross and Superintendent Lugowsky.

The arrangements for the funeral were in the hands of Mr. Pokotloff and Prince Merstchsky, and were ably carried out. The B.M.C. kindly sent their hearse over, but it was not used, the bearers preferring to carry the coffin the whole way. Mr. Bourne, we believe, also rendered some assistance.

COMMERCIAL.

TO-DAY'S INTELLIGENCE.

Buyers.—Hongkong Fires \$327, H.K. C. and M. Steamboats \$38, Humphreys Estates \$12, Raubs \$8, Kowloon Wharves \$102, Dairy Farms \$17, Electric \$142, Tramways \$215, Watsons \$13.

Sellers.—Hongkong Banks \$810, Canton Insurance \$320, Hongkong Fires \$330, China and Manila \$24, Douglas \$47, Hongkong Docks \$134, Hongkong Lands \$110, West Point \$50, Cottons \$13, ex div., China Borneo \$11, Green Islands \$12, Electric \$15, \$25, Royal \$29, China Light and Power \$102, Fowls \$102.

Sales.—Hongkong Fires \$327, H.K. C. and M. Steamboats \$38, China and Manila \$23, China Sugars \$150, Kowloon Wharves \$102, Humphreys Estates \$112, China Providents \$9.60.

Nominal.—National Banks \$47, Unions \$78, China Fires \$93, Indo-Chinas \$74, Shell Transports 27/6, London 29/6 sellers, Shanghai Docks Tls. 108, Hongkew Wharves Tls. 242, Hongkong Hotels \$115.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

Selling.
London—Bank T.T. 2 1/2 9/16
Do. demand 2 1/2 23
Do. 4 months sight 2 1/2 23
France—Bank T.T. 2 1/2 23
America—Bank T.T. 2 1/2 23
Germany—Bank T.T. 2 1/2 23
India T.T. 16 1/2
Do. demand 16 1/2
Hangover—Bank T.T. 73
Singapore T.T. 54 1/2 prem.
Japan—Bank T.T. 108 1/2
Siam—Bank T.T. 133 1/2

Buying.
1 months' sight L/C 2 1/2 3/16
6 months' sight L/C 2 1/2 3/16
10 days' sight San Francisco & New York 54 1/2
1 months' sight do. 55 1/2
10 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne 2 1/2 3/16
4 months' sight France 2 1/2 3/16
1 months' sight do. 2 1/2 3/16
1 months' sight Germany 2 1/2 3/16
100 Silver 31 1/2
Bank of England rate 31 1/2
Sovereign 8 1/4

To-day's Advertisements.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED, TO-MORROW, (THURSDAY), the 13th September, 1906, at 11 A.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, corner of Ice House Street, SUNDRY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ALSO 50,000 EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, AND A quantity of MANILA and HANOI CIGARS. TERMS:—As usual. HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers. Hongkong, 12th September, 1906. [914]

HAKHOOR MASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

INFORMATION has been received from the Military Authorities that GUN PRACTICE will be carried out as under:—On SATURDAY and MONDAY, 22nd and 24th September:—

From West of Stonecutters Island, in a South-Westerly direction, at ranges up to 6,000 yards, commencing at 9.30 A.M., and finishing at 12 noon.

If the weather is unfavourable on any of the above dates, Practice will take place on the following day.

All ships, junks and other vessels are to keep clear of the ranges. L. BARNES-LAWRENCE, Captain, R.N., Harbour Master, &c. Hongkong, 11th September, 1906. [912]

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898. APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that COPE BROS. & CO., LIMITED, of 10, Lord Nelson Street, Liverpool, England, and other places, Tobacco Manufacturers, has, on the Seventh day of August, 1906, applied for the Registration in Hongkong, in the Register of Trade Marks, of the following Trade Marks:—No. 1.—Consists of a label of three panels of equal height. The middle panel which is narrower contains the distinctive word "Touchstone". The left panel contains the representation of a man in the conventional dress of a jester with some trees in the background and the word "Touchstone" in the upper part. The right hand panel contains a similar figure of a jester leaning across a bar in the middle of the label upon which appears the word "Touchstone". At the foot of the panel is the name and addresses "Cope Bros. & Co., Ltd., Liverpool and London."

No. 2.—Consists of a label having in the upper part the word "Cross" upon an ornamental scroll beneath which is the representation of a decoration in the form of a Cross. At the foot upon a scroll is the name "Cope Bros. & Co., Ltd., Liverpool and London," and around the label are small representations of flowers; in the name of COPE BROS. & CO., LIMITED, who claim to be the sole proprietors thereof. The Trade Marks have been used by the applicants in respect of the following goods:—TOBACCO WHETHER MANUFACTURED OR UNMANUFACTURED, IN CLASS 45.

Facilities of the Trade Marks can be seen at the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong. Dated the 12th day of September, 1906. DENNIS & BOWLEY, Solicitors for the Applicants. [915]

Intimations.

THE ROBINSON PIANO,

CO., LD.,

ARE SHOWING

HIGHEST CLASS PIANOS,

THE LEADING MAKERS

OF

THE WORLD.

Steinway,

Bechstein,

Bluthner,

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Collard & Collard,

Hopkinson,

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CASH OR CREDIT,

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HIRE FROM \$10 PER MONTH

INCLUSIVE.

Hongkong, 22nd August, 1906. [138]

H. PRICE & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

HONGKONG.



HESITATE NO LONGER.

SEND, CALL OR TELEPHONE

FOR

Per Case.

H. Simpson & Co.'s HOUSE

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D. & J. McCallum's PEB-

FECTION ... 18.00

KING EDWARD VII ... 15.50

CLUB ... 14.00

Whiskies that are noted every-where for excellence and purity.

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H. PRICE & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

12, Queen's Road Central.

Telephone No. 135.

Hongkong, 12th September, 1906. [141]

son, Dr.	Halben, O.
son, R. J.	Harrison, S. J.
son, R. A., Capt.	Jackson, W.
co, A. E.	Lloyd, G.
na, W.	Mackie, Mr. and Mrs.
e, Wm. B.	A. J.
l, Percy	Martin, W. F.
ph, Mr. and Mrs.	McInnes, Mr.
A. H.	Marles, Capt. & Mrs.
ell, Mr. and Mrs.	Osborne, Mrs. G.
W.	Pearson, R. W.
y, W.	Stephens, Miss H.
ot, Mr. and Mrs.	Stevenson, R.
s, Miss M.	
PRAK.	
erson, Miss	Knight, C. C.
on, F.	Kislowaky, Mr. & Mrs.
s, Mr. and Mrs.	F. von
ey, Dr. & Mrs. N.	Kologovsky, Consul &
in, Hon. and Mrs.	Lang, A. O.
W.	Lawrie, Mr. and Mrs.
s, Mr. and Mrs.	Leask, Mr.
uthers, E. S.	Lee, Mr.
z, Eng.-Lieut.	Leiser, Mr. and Mrs.
ier, A. N.	Longridge, Rev. and
ier, Mr. and Mrs.	Mrs. M.
W.	Macfarlane, Dr. H.
on, A. S.	Marmey, V. E.
nell, A. E.	Martin, C. B. H.
ng, Col.	Martin, R.
on, Mr.	McJannet, R.
Mr. and Mrs.	Mitchell, R.
er, T. H.	Moxon, Mr. & Mrs. H.
apt. J. R.	Nelson, Mrs.
ownay, A. D.	Rogers, C.
ph, Mr. and Mrs.	Sawyer, Mrs. W. E.
win, A. F.	Searle, Rev. G.
nam, Mr. and Mrs.	Segg, T.
ory, A.	Shennour, Col. & Mrs.
is, J.	Shortridge, Mr. & Mrs.
ing, Mr. and Mrs.	Sinclair, A.
A.	Skottowe, Mr. & Mrs.
er, B. B.	A. B.
nd, F. A.	Truman, Mr. and Mrs.
ill, A. H.	R. W.
nday, W. T.	Vaughan - Lee, Capt.
es, H. U.	And Mrs.
ton, L. A. M.	Wainson, Mr. & Mrs. M.
sh, Mr. and Mrs.	Weismann, Mr. & Mrs.
S.	Whyte, J. F. M.
ng, Lt.-Col.	Wilford, F. C.
CRAIGIEBURM.	
ns, M. and Mrs. F.	Nicholls, E. A.
J.	Smith, E. Grant
ett, H. J. O.	Smith, Mr. and Mrs.
H. W.	- Grant
n, C. A.	Smith, Percy
well, Mr. and Mrs.	Soppa, P.
A.	Webb, Mr. and Mrs.
ell, Mr. and Mrs.	Montague
son, P. S.	Young, J. A.
OCCIDENTAL.	
erson, C.	Linnemann, H.
er, Capt. A.	Mook, P.
Dr. Fred.	Manro, Miss A.
en, H.	Petersen, A.
J. J.	Reutter, R.
STATION.	
MAIN.	
T. Leatham ...	Hongkong
han-Lee ...	Hongkong
E. G. W. Davidson ...	Yangtze
W. L. Bamber ...	Yangtze
Majendie ...	Weihaiwei
S. Raikes ...	Hongkong
ry, M.O. ...	Shanghai
Hughes ...	Weihaiwei
Dalton ...	Hongkong
H. B. Cox ...	Hongkong
R. Henniker-Heaton ...	Weihaiwei
W. H. Darwall ...	"
Horsey ...	"
bsby ...	"
Percy Crabtree, ...	Yangtze
Robert E. Vaughan, ...	Weihaiwei
J. Kiddle ...	West River
C. Walcott ...	Weihaiwei
H. T. Atlay ...	West River
J. T. S. Lyne ...	Yangtze
Williams ...	Hongkong
E. Secretan ...	Hongkong
R. M. R. West ...	Yangtze
Stevenson ...	Yangtze
Glennie ...	Weihaiwei
C. E. L. Thomas ...	Surveying
G. B. Spicer-Simson ...	Weihaiwei
G. J. Todd ...	Yangtze
Jao, F. Knox, ...	Yangtze
ON.	
G OFFICERS.	
...	Haiphong
...	Haiphong
uel ...	Cape St. James
...	Hongkong
nc ...	Saigon
...	Chelao
le Saune ...	Saigon
...	Saigon
...	Camnanh
...	Saigon
...	en route Hongkong
ne ...	en route Hongkong
...	en route Hongkong
...	Haiphong
Duvalroux ...	en route Hongkong
...	Haiphong
...	Saigon
...	Baie d'Along
...	en route Saigon
...	Saigon
...	Chungking
...	Tongks
...	Saigon
...	Hongay
...	Saigon
...	en route Hongkong
...	Saigon
...	en route Hongkong
...	Saigon
...	Upper Yangtze
...	Hongay
...	Saigon
...	Hongkong

Mails.

MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

STEAM FOR SAIGON,
SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
COLOMBO, BOMBAY, CAL-
CUTTA, ADEN, DJIBOUTI,
EGYPT, MARSEILLES,
LONDON, HAVRE, BORDEAUX, MEDITER-
RANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS.

The S.S. "POLYNESIEN"
Captain Broc, will be despatched for MAR-
SEILLES on TUESDAY, the 18th September,
at 1 P.M.
This steamer connects at Colombo with the
Australian line s.s. Yarra bound for Marseilles
via Bombay and Aden.
Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading
issued for above ports.
Cargo also booked for principal places in
Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—
S.S. SALAZIE, 2nd October.
S.S. OCEANIE, 15th October.
S.S. TOURANE, 30th October.
S.S. TONKIN, 13th November.
S.S. ARMAND BEHIC, 27th November.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, 6th September, 1906.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR
SINGAPORE, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIAN
ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN
PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.
(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA,
PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL AMERI-
CAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship
"DEVANHA,"
Capt. J. H. Hyde, R.N.R., carrying His Majesty's
Mails, will be despatched from this for BOM-
BAY, on SATURDAY, the 22nd September,
at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the
above Ports in connection with the Company's
S.S. China, 7,912 tons, from Colombo.
Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is
secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France
and Tea for London (under arrangement) will
be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail
steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and
London. Other Cargo for London, &c., will be
conveyed from Bombay by the R.M.S. Arabia,
due in London on the 3rd November, 1906.
Parcels will be received at this Office until
1 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and
Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to
E. A. HEWETT,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 8th September, 1906.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.
BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
BOSTON TOW-BOAT COMPANY.

Connecting at Tacoma with
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY
COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR
VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA,
VIA
MOJI, KUBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	Sailing.
Pleasant	3,753	F. G. Purinton	20th Sept.
Lyra	4,417	G. V. Williams	29th Sept.
Shammut	9,600	E. V. Roberts	24th Oct.
Tremont	9,600	T. W. Garlick	

* Cargo only.
CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION,
ATTENDANCE AND CUISINE, ELECTRIC
LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESSES.
The twin-screw s.s. Shammut and Tremont
are fitted with very superior accommodation
for first and second class passengers. The
large size of these vessels ensures steadiness
at sea. Electric fan in each room.
Barber's shop and steam-laundry. Cargo
carried in cold storage.

For further information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
General Agents.
Queen's Buildings,
Hongkong, 27th August, 1906.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE
TO NEW YORK,
VIA PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL,
(With Liberty to Call at Malabar Coast).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
Steamship About
"ATHOLL" 15th September.
"ERROLL" 2nd October.
For Freight and further information, apply
to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
Agents.
Hongkong, 30th August, 1906.

AN APPEAL.
THE SUPERIORESS OF THE ITALIAN
CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most
respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents of
Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind
patronage and support, and desires to state that
she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds
of NEEDLE WORK.

Gentlemen's Shirts made to order, and Collars
and Collars renewed on old ones.
Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's
Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery.
Materials can be supplied, if required.
The Superioress will also be most grateful
for any PAPER, or old ENVELOPES to be made
into Books for the Children of the Poor Schools,
who are taught by the Sisters.
Hongkong, 22nd April, 1892.

Antimations.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

ESTABLISHED 1815.

BRANDY

WHISKY, PAUL MALL

JOHN WALKER & SONS' OLD HIGHLAND

C. P. & CO.'S SPECIAL BLEND

PORT WINE, INVALIDS

DOURO

SHERRY, AMOROSO

LA TORRE

BENEDICTINE, D.O.M.

THE ABOVE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

SIEMSEN & CO.,

HONGKONG AGENTS.

Hongkong, 15th November, 1905.

ACHEE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

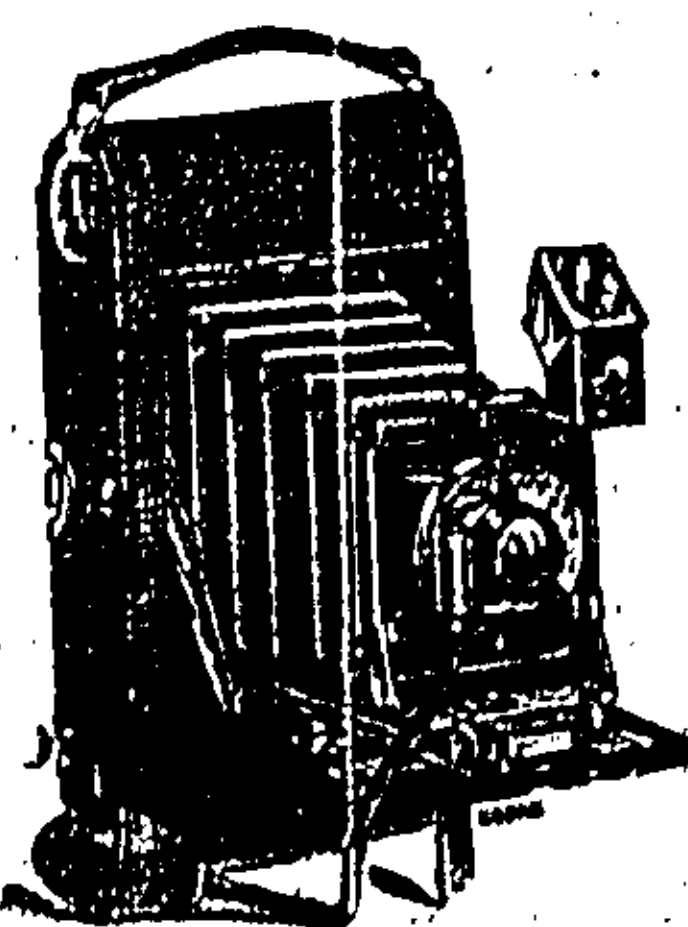
FURNITURE,

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

REQUISITES.

AC, AC, AC.

Telephone 156.



DEPOT

FOR

EASTMAN'S

KODAKS, FILMS,

AND

ACCESSORIES.

AMATEUR WORK RECEIVED PROMPT and CAREFUL ATTENTION.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1907.

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. B. S. KADOORIE & Co. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	RESERVE.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT. AT WORKING ACCOUNT.	LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE RETURN AT PRESENT QUOTATION.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	\$125	\$125	{ \$1,000,000 \$10,250,000 \$20,000 \$12,735 \$150,000	\$1,712,472	{ 1.15/- @ Ex. 2/11 = \$16.47 for first half- year 1906 \$2 (London 3/6) for 1903	5 1/2 %	{ \$810 sellers London 93.10/- ex div.
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	£7	£6	{ \$1,000,000 \$147,895	\$74,099			\$47
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	{ \$1,000,000 \$147,895	\$211,540	\$20 for 1904	1 1/2 %	\$320
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£5	{ Tls. 100,000 Tls. 50,000 \$2,000,000 \$40,000	Tls. 302,053	Interim div. of 7/6 @ ex 2/10 15/16 Tls. 2.62 on account 1905	6 %	Tls. 87 1/2 buyers
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$100	{ \$211,131 \$153,844 \$59,279 \$800,000	\$2,702,271	Interim div. of 53/- for 1905	4 1/2 %	\$78 1/2
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	8,000	\$100	\$60	{ \$101,278 \$15,527 \$1,000,000 \$220,488 \$2,616	\$50,134	\$1 and 53 special dividend for 1904	8 1/2 %	\$175 sellers
FIRE INSURANCES.								
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	{ \$1,000,000 \$220,488 \$2,616	\$344,658	\$6 for 1904	6 1/2 %	\$93
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	{ \$1,200,000 \$144,386 \$120,000	\$422,618	\$25 for 1904	7 1/2 %	\$327 1/2 buyers
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$5,000 \$26,638	\$6,563	\$1 1/2 for 1905	6 1/2 %	\$24
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$80,000 \$250,000 \$600,000 \$144,386 \$120,000	Nil.	\$3 1/2 for year ended 30.6.1905	7 1/2 %	\$47
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamship Co., Ltd. ...	20,000	\$15	\$15	{ \$600,000 \$144,386 \$120,000	\$5,464	\$1 for 1st half-year 1906	7 1/2 %	\$18 ex. & b.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited ...	60,000	£10	£10	{ \$3,000,000 \$399,998	\$2,412	10/- @ ex. 2/1 9/16 = \$1.69	6 1/2 %	\$74
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 20,000 Tls. 100,000	Tls. 23,156	{ Interim div. of Tls. 2 1/2 Interim div. of Tls. 1 1/2 n/c 1906	8 1/2 % 6 1/2 %	Tls. 18 sellers Tls. 10 buyers
Shell Transport and Trading Company, Limited	1,000,000	£1	£1	{ \$4,144 \$65,000 \$32,957	\$107,815	1/- (Coupon No. 6) for 1905	4 %	27 1/2 buyers
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	{ 10,000 10,000	{ \$10 \$10	{ \$10 \$5	{ Tls. 98,000 Tls. 305,479 Tls. 48,000 Tls. 81,200	{ \$218 13,913	{ \$1.50 for year ending 31.4.1906 \$0.75	{ 1 1/2 % 3 1/2 %	{ \$20 \$20
Taku Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 30,000 Tls. 81,200		Interim div. of Tls. 2 account 1906	9 %	Tls. 45 buyers
REFINING.								
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	{ \$800,000 \$450,000 \$86,129	\$40,914	Final of \$15 making \$25 for 1905	15 1/2 %	\$160
Jayon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	{ none	\$132,588	\$2 for 1897		\$22 sellers
Yarak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 100,000	Tls. 3,723	Tls. 2 1/2 for year ending 30.9.04		Tls. 80 sales
MINING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	{ \$80,000 \$26,011	\$13,355	{ 1/- (No. 6) interim div. for 12 months ending 28.2.06	7 %	Tls. 10 sellers
Capital Consolidated Mining Company, Limited ...	500,000	G \$10	G \$10	{ none	G \$909,050	Final of 50 cents making G \$1 for 1905	7 %	G \$14 nominal
Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited {	150,000 50,000	{ £1 £1	{ 18/10 £1	{ \$4,873	Dr. \$8,745	No. 12 of 1/- = 48 cents		\$8 1/2 buyers
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.								
Fenwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$70,000	\$8,915	\$2 for 1905	9 %	\$22
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd. ...	40,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$50,000 \$5,160 \$20,000	\$20,040	\$2 1/2 for a/c 1906	6 %	\$103
New Amoy Dock Company, Ltd.	10,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$49,500	\$392,087	\$6 for first half-year ending 30.6.06	8 1/2 %	\$134
New Amoy Dock Company, Limited	10,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$88,000 Tls. 1,000,000	\$2,221	\$1 for 1905	5 1/2 %	\$18
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 1,000,000 Tls. 48,210	Tls. 5,997	Final of Tls. 4 making Tls. 8 for 1905/6	7 1/2 %	Tls. 108 buyers
Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Company, Limited ...	32,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 57,065 Tls. 30,000	Tls. 57,065	Interim div. of Tls. 8 on account 1906	5 1/2 %	Tls. 24 ex div. b.
Yangtze Wharf and Godown Company, Limited	2,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 30,000	Tls. 5,668	Tls. 18 for 1905	8 %	Tls. 235 buyers
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ none	none	First year		Tls. 102 sales
Star House Hotel Company, Limited (Shanghai) ...	6,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$29,516	\$8,418	\$3 for year ended 30.6.1906	10 %	\$30
Central Stores, Limited	6,000	\$15	\$15	{ none	\$4,719	\$2.40 on \$12 for 1905	13 1/2 %	\$18 sales
Do. (new issue)	24,000	\$25	\$25	{ none		7 % on \$7 1/2 for 1905		\$15 sales
Do. (Founders)	423	\$15	\$15	{ none		None		\$300 buyers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	{ \$648,975 \$19,075	\$10,057	\$5 for first half-year for 1906	8 1/2 %	\$125 ex div. b.
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd. ...	100,000	\$100	\$100	{ \$120,000 \$20,000	\$67,839	Interim div. of \$3 1/2 account 1906	6 1/2 %	\$110
Hotel des Colonies Company, Limited	9,000	Tls. 25	Tls. 25	{ Tls. 29,783	Tls. 1,935	Final of 6 1/2 = 10 % for 1905	17 1/2 %	Tls. 14 sales
Hotel Metropole Company, Limited	2,000	\$100	\$100	{ none	\$4,699	Final of \$6 making \$10	10 %	\$100
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited ...	10,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$208,386	\$5,070	80 cents for 1905	7 %	\$11
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	7,000	\$50	\$50	{ none	\$574	\$2 1/2 for 1905	6 1/2 %	\$39
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	10,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 869,493 Tls. 170,000	Tls. 52,194	Tls. 3 for half-year 1906	5 1/2 %	Tls. 107 1/2 sales
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	£50	£50	{ none	\$772	Interim div. of \$2 account 1906	8 %	\$60
COTTON MILLS.								
Two Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd. ...	15,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 45,939	Tls. 100,000	Tls. 8 for year ended 31.10.1905	10 1/2 %	Tls. 77 sellers
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$10,000	\$21,666	\$1 1/2 for the year ending 31.7.06	9 1/2 %	\$13 1/2 ex div.
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd. ...	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	{ Tls. 100,000	Tls. 18,718	3 % a/c 1898		Tls. 68 sellers
Laou-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ none	Tls. 30,760	Tls. 8 for 1905	9 1/2 %	Tls. 85 buyers
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	{ Tls. 18,456	Tls. 35,986	Tls. 25 for 1905	7 1/2 %	Tls. 325 buyers
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Anglo-German Brewery Company, Limited	4,000	\$100	\$100	{ none	\$1,066	\$7 for 1905	7 1/2 %	\$90 buyers
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,604	12/6	12/6	{ \$814	\$1,097	1 1/2 per share for 1905	8 1/2 %	\$3
Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited	1,200	\$10	\$10	{ \$9,000	Nil.	\$3 for 1905	9 1/2 %	\$11
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	{ none		\$1 for 1904		Tls. 65 buyers
China Flour Mill Co., Limited	4,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 50,000	Tls. 889	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 10 for 1905	15 1/2 %	\$102
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	{ none	\$1,219	60 cents for year ended 28.2.06	6 1/2 %	\$102
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd. ...	100,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$8,000	\$1,581	80 cents for 1905	8 1/2 %	\$9.70
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	25,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	{ \$25,000	\$2,864	\$1.20 for year ending 31.7.1905	7 %	\$17
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	200,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$410,000 \$500,000	\$52,291	Int. div. of 75 cents for 1-year ended 30.6.06	9 %	\$22 sales
Hall & Holtz, Limited	21,000	\$20	\$20	{ \$186,000	\$20,893	\$2 1/2 for year ending 28.2.06	10 1/2 %	\$23 1/2 buyers
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	{ none	\$2,508	\$1.00 for 10 months ending 28.2.06	8 1/2 %	\$14 1/2 buyers
Hongkong High-Level Tramways Company, Ltd.	1,250	\$100	\$100	{ \$50,000 \$80,000 \$61,000	\$2,796	Int. div. of \$2 for 10 months ending 18.10.05	10 1/2 %	\$215 ex div.
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	{ \$1,000	\$2,796	Int. div. of \$4 for year ended 30.6.06	8 %	\$238
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$2,500	\$5,813	\$9 for 1905 on 5 shares	6 1/2 %	\$20
Hongkong Steam Waterboat Company, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$2,500	\$88	Final of 30 cents making \$1 for the year	12 1/2 %	\$7 1/2 sales
Maatschappij tot Mijn-, Bosch- en Landbouw- plaatje in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gs. 100	Gs. 100	{ Tls. 47,500 Tls. 27,603	Tls. 10,374	(second interim div. of Tls. 7 1/2 making Tls. 15 so far a/c yr. ended 31.10.06)	9 1/2 %	Tls. 245 buyers
Philippine Company, Limited	67,500	\$10	\$10	{ none	Dr. P. 34,324	None		\$5 buyers
Shanghai Gas Company, Limited	16,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 165,000	Tls. 11,017	Interim dividend of Tls. 3 1/2 account 1906	6 1/2 %	Tls. 125 buyers
Shanghai Horse Bazaar Co., Ltd.	5,400	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	{ Tls. 45,000 Tls. 37,000 Tls. 8,000	Tls. 9,751	Tls. 6 for 1904	12 %	Tls. 50 sellers
Shanghai Pulp and Paper Company, Limited	4,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 24,820 Tls. 25,000	Tls. 4,753	Interim div. of Tls. 5 account 1906	10 1/2 %	Tls. 135 ex div.
Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	{ Tls. 25,000	Tls. 1,452	Interim div. of Tls. 4 on account 1906	6 1/2 %	Tls. 78 ex div. b.
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited	{ 7,200 7,200	{ £20 £20	{ £20 £20	{ Tls. 190,000	Tls. 85,592	{ Interim div. of 15/- for 1-year 1906 Interim div. of 5/- for 1-year 1906		{ Tls. 365 Tls. 280
South China Morning Post, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	{ none	Dr. \$41,934	None		\$22 buyers
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	\$5	{ none	\$1,134	50 cents for year ended 31.5.05	8 1/2 %	\$6
Tientsin Waterworks Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	{ Tls. 12,295 Tls. 4,000	Tls. 1,012	Interim of Tls. 4 for year 1905/6	7 1/2 %	Tls. 105
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	9,900	\$10	\$10	{ \$300,000 \$25,000	\$752	{ 70 cents } for year ended 31.5.1906 \$9.90	{ 8 1/2 % 6 1/2 %	{ \$8 \$150
Do. (Founders)	100	\$10	\$10	{ none				\$13
Watson, (A. S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$300,000 \$25,000	\$7,734	Final of 50 cents making \$1 for 1905	7 1/2 %	\$13
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	{ \$4,500	\$5676	Interim div. of 50 cts. for the year 1905/6	10 %	\$10 buyers
DIVIDENDS PAYABLE								
Maatschappij tot Mijn-Boschen Land- bouwplaatje in Langkat							Tls. 7 1/2	15th September